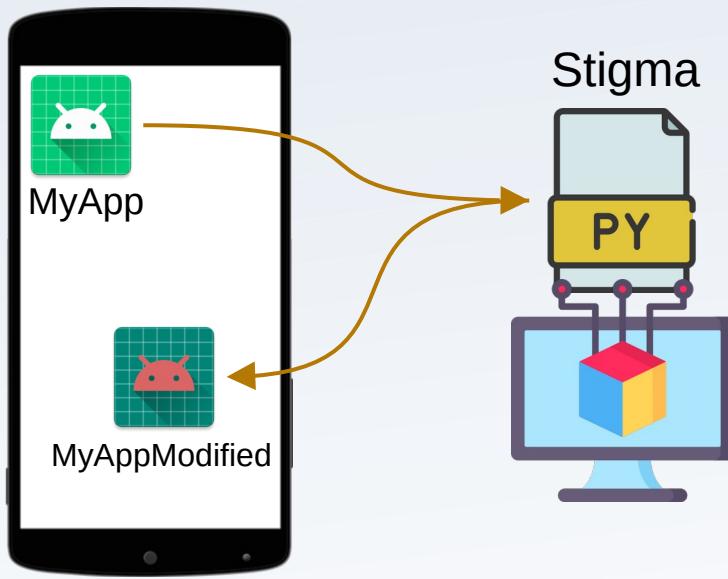


Stigma: A Tool for Modifying Closed-Source Android Applications



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Premise

- Android applications are (mostly) closed-source
 - Proprietary, closed code-bases carefully guarded by large corp.
 - Elaborate obfuscation (ProGuard)
- Android has a permission system, but it is limited
 - Internet permission is very broad
 - Most apps require many permissions
 - User fatigue and apathy
- Users often desire small or medium changes in popular apps
 - Is it tracking me? Can I stop it from doing that?
 - Can I remove ads?
 - Can I fix a bug, change the UI, or add a feature?
 - Does this app exhibit low-security functionality?



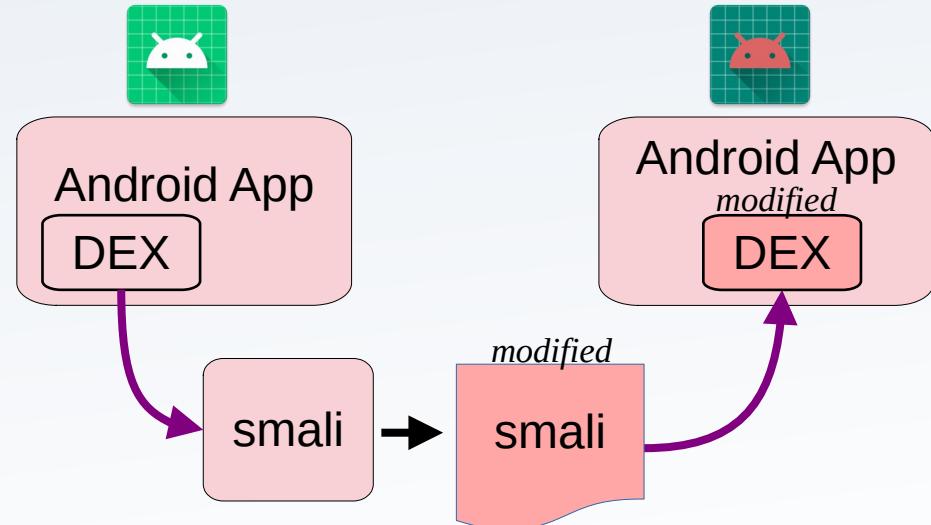
Main Idea and Background

- Modify closed-source Android applications
 - Maintain all app functionality
 - Allow user some partially automatic mechanism to specify desired modifications

- Run modified apps on real hardware

- Background

- Android apps are distributed as DEX bytecode
 - Machine Code (binary assembly) for JVM (dalvik)
- We can convert DEX bytecode to `smali`
 - Using a third party tool: apktool
 - Assembly code (human readable)
- We can modify the `smali` bytecode and recompile to DEX



Smali Assembly Code

```
367     private void prependToLog(String newPart){  
368         TextView tv = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.main_tv_log);  
369         StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();  
370  
371         sb.append(newPart + "\n");  
372         sb.append(tv.getText().toString());  
373         tv.setText(sb.toString());  
374     }
```

Java Code

```
.method private prependToLog(Ljava/lang/String;)V  
.locals 4  
.param p1, "newPart"    # Ljava/lang/String;  
  
.line 368  
const v0, 0x7f070059  
  
invoke-virtual {p0, v0}, Ledu/fandm/enovak/leaks/Main;.>findViewById(I)Landroid/view/View;  
move-result-object v0  
check-cast v0, Landroid/widget/TextView;  
  
...
```



Smali Code

Smali Assembly Code

```
367     private void prependToLog(String newPart){  
368         TextView tv = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.main_tv_log);  
369         StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();  
370  
371         sb.append(newPart + "\n");  
372         sb.append(tv.getText().toString());  
373         tv.setText(sb.toString());  
374     }
```

Java Code

```
...  
→ .line 371  
.local v1, "sb":Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;  
new-instance v2, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
invoke-direct {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;-><init>()V  
invoke-virtual {v2, p1}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
move-result-object v2  
const-string v3, "\n"  
invoke-virtual {v2, v3}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->toString()Ljava/lang/String;  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v1, v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;  
...
```

Smali Code

Smali Assembly Code

*Smali is the most convenient
and intuitive form of the code
that we have!*

```
367     private void prependToLog(String newPart){  
368         TextView tv = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.main_tv_log);  
369         StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();  
370  
371         sb.append(newPart + "\n");  
372         sb.append(tv.getText().toString());  
373         tv.setText(sb.toString());  
374     }
```

Java Code

```
...  
→ .line 371  
.local v1, "sb":Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;  
new-instance v2, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
invoke-direct {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;-><init>()V  
invoke-virtual {v2, p1}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
move-result-object v2  
const-string v3, "\n"  
invoke-virtual {v2, v3}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;->toString()Ljava/lang/String;  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v1, v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;->append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;  
...
```

Smali Code

```

.method private prependToLog(Ljava/lang/String;)V
    .locals 4
    .param p1, "newPart"    # Ljava/lang/String;

    .line 368
    const v0, 0x7f070059

    invoke-virtual {p0, v0}, Ledu/fandm/enovak/leaks/Main;.>findViewById(I)Landroid/view/View;
    move-result-object v0
    check-cast v0, Landroid/widget/TextView;

    .line 369
    local v0, "tv":Landroid/widget/TextView;
    new-instance v1, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;
    invoke-direct {v1}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;.><init>()V

    .line 371
    local v1, "sb":Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;
    new-instance v2, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;
    invoke-direct {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;.><init>()V
    invoke-virtual {v2, p1}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;.>append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;
    move-result-object v2
    const-string v3, "\n"
    invoke-virtual {v2, v3}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;.>append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;
    move-result-object v2
    invoke-virtual {v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;.>toString()Ljava/lang/String;
    move-result-object v2
    invoke-virtual {v1, v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;.>append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;

    .line 372
    invoke-virtual {v0}, Landroid/widget/TextView;.>getText()Ljava/lang/CharSequence;
    move-result-object v2
    invoke-interface {v2}, Ljava/lang/CharSequence;.>toString()Ljava/lang/String;
    move-result-object v2
    invoke-virtual {v1, v2}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;.>append(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;

    .line 373
    invoke-virtual {v1}, Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;.>toString()Ljava/lang/String;
    move-result-object v2
    invoke-virtual {v0, v2}, Landroid/widget/TextView;.>setText(Ljava/lang/CharSequence;)V

    .line 374
    return-void
.end method

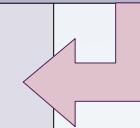
```

```

367    private void prependToLog(String newPart){
368        TextView tv = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.main_tv_log);
369        StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();
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371        sb.append(newPart + "\n");
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373        tv.setText(sb.toString());
374    }

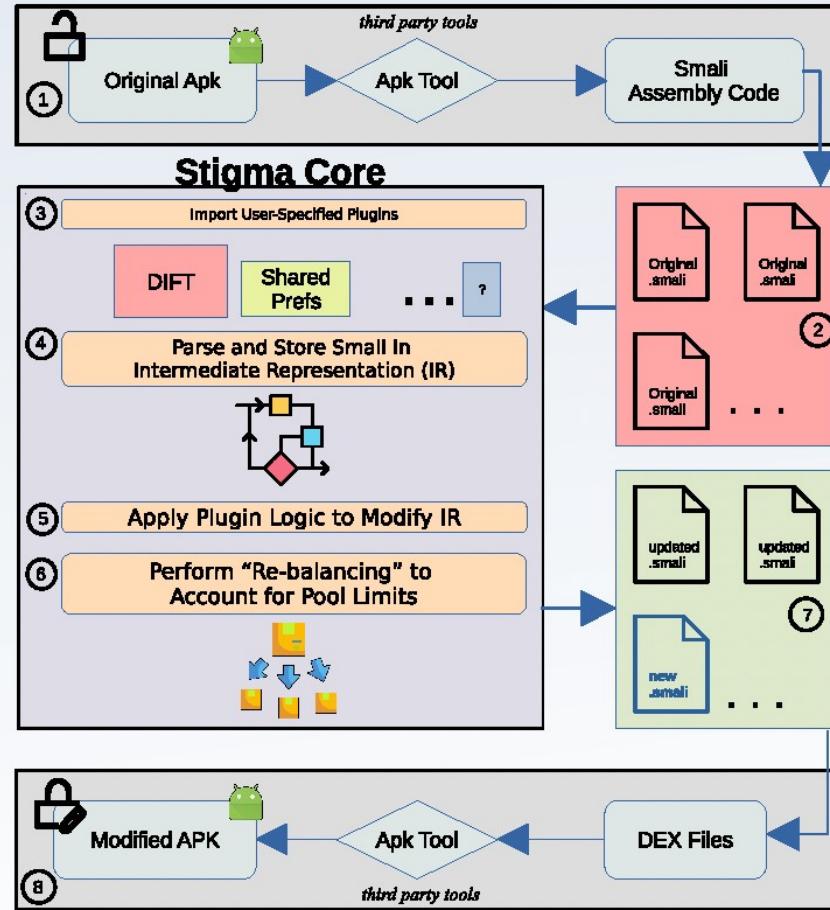
```

Java Code



Smali Code

Stigma Pipeline



Plugins

Existing App Code

```
...  
  
.line 371  
.local v1, "sb":Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;  
new-instance v2, Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;  
invoke-direct {v2}, bar  
invoke-virtual {v2, p1}, foo  
move-result-object v2  
const-string v3, "\n"  
invoke-virtual {v2, v3}, foo  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v2}, bar  
move-result-object v2  
invoke-virtual {v1, v2}, biz  
  
...
```

New Code to Inject

```
const-string v6, "New Line Used!"  
invoke-direct Ljava/lang/System->out->println(Ljava/lang/String;)V
```

- Framework for users to define their modifications.
 - Core concept: user specifies “hooks” where Stigma inserts new smali code into the app
 - “Hooks” can be...
 - specific smali instructions (move, add-int, if-eq, ige, invoke-*, etc.)
 - conceptual code locations (the start of the `onCreate()` method in launcher activities, (the start of every method call, etc.)
 - The user specifies smali instructions to insert at that point
 - Customizable number of “free” registers
 - An “in-stigma-memory” object representing the method and class where the new code is inserted
 - Stigma maintains python classes to represent all smali instructions, methods, and classes (files).
- We’ve defined two plugins already to demonstrate and evaluate the Stigma system
 - Dynamic Information Flow Tracking (DIFT) plugin
 - SharedPreferences plugin



Plugin Details

Dynamic Information Flow Tracking (DIFT)

- Why? To track clandestine use of sensitive information
- Functionality
 - (1) **Originate:** Identify API methods and other sources of sensitive information
 - (2) **Tag & Propagate:** Mark variables (registers) that contain sensitive info with “tags.” Our plugin stores the tags in static class fields in new classes added to the app’s code-base
 - (3) **Terminate:** Identify API methods that consume, transmit, or store data. Check the input parameters for tags when they’re called. Alert the user and/or log activity.
- Just a prototype that does steps one, two and three in a limited capacity for GPS data.

SharedPreferences Plugin

- Why? To identify malicious or negligent use of SharedPreferences API to store sensitive information
- Functionality
 - Print contents of (default) shared preferences database on app launch
- Features / Benefits
 - No root required
 - Capture real values during runtime
- Just a prototype that requires follow-up analysis of the database items printed / logged.

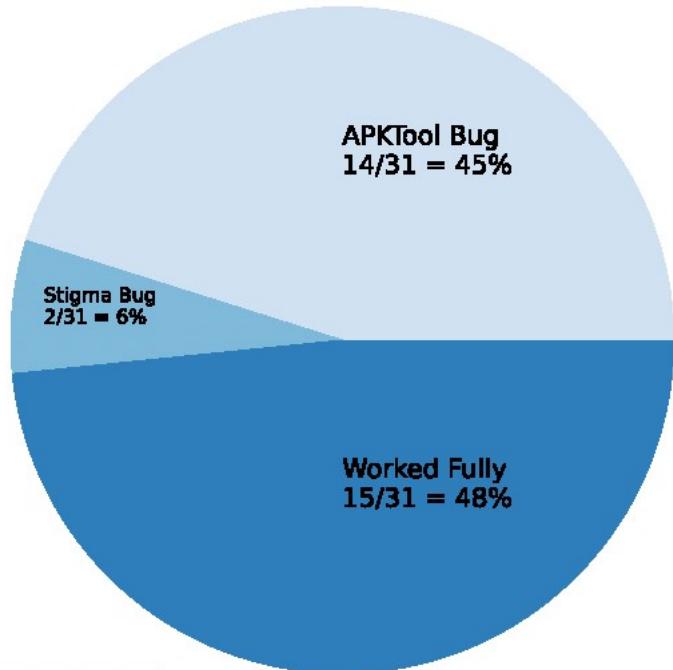
Technical Challenges

- Smali assembly code acquisition
 - Apktool, unattainable code
- Smali code has numerous concepts and technical rules that are minimally documented
 - Virtual methods and Java “syntax sugar” (e.g. lambda functions)
 - Register allocation
 - Type system and type-specific instructions (`move` vs. `move-wide`)
 - Multi-line instructions
 - Unintentional control-flow modifications (potential exceptions in try/catch blocks)
 - Code offsets
 - Reference pool limits (classes.dex, classes2.dex, classes3.dex etc.)
- App repackaging & cryptographic signatures

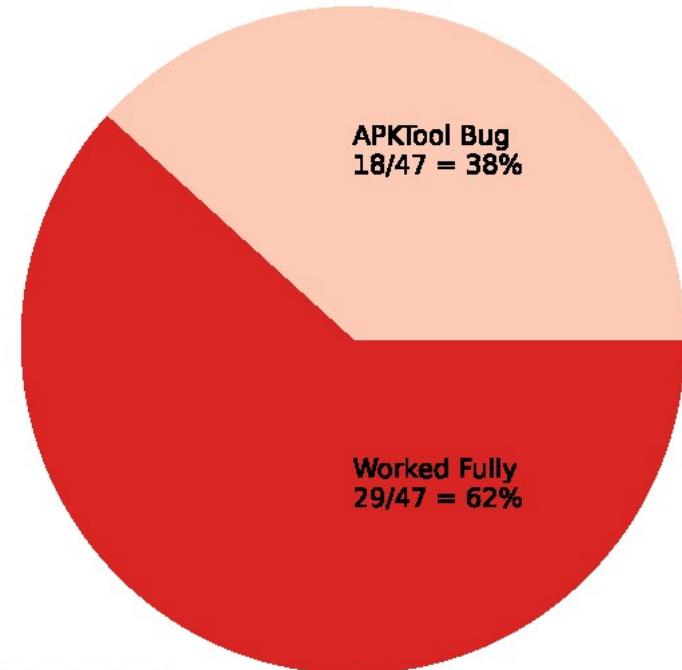
Evaluation

Broad Compatibility

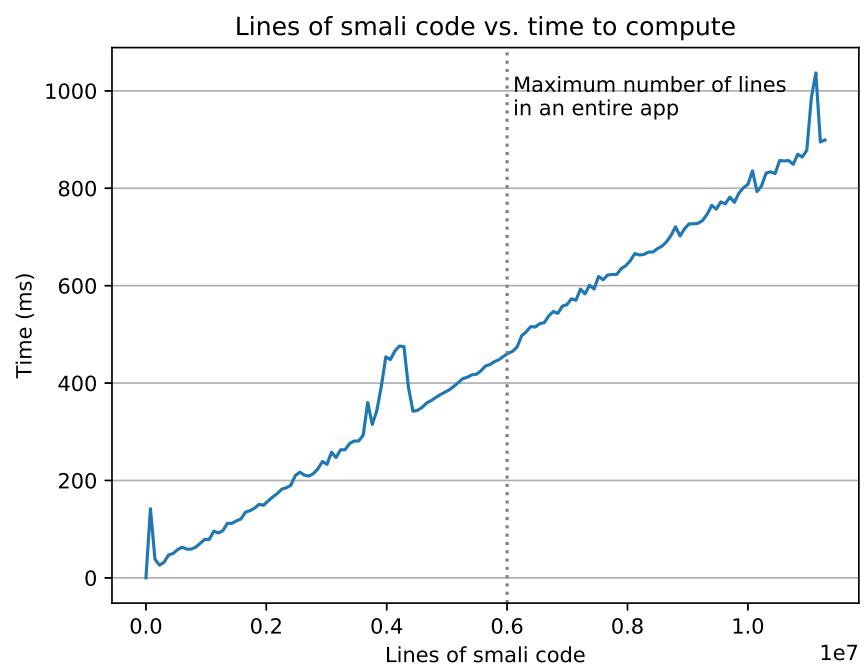
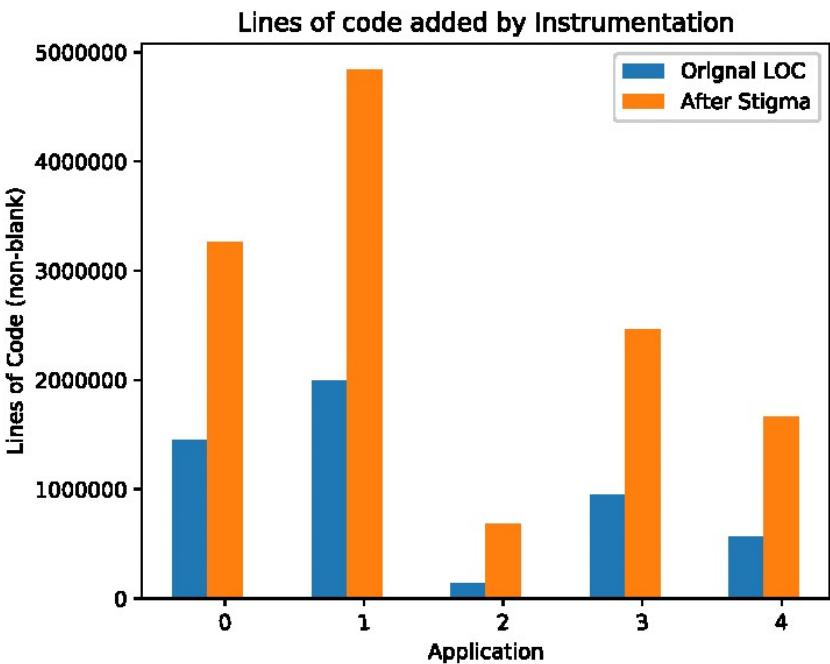
App Compatibility Breakdown (DIFT Plugin)



App Compatibility Breakdown (SharedPreferences Plugin)



Evaluation Overhead



References and Similar Projects

- Stigma Project Source Code: <https://github.com/fmresearchnovak/stigma>
- Associated Technical Report: https://ednovak.net/documents/stigma_tr.pdf
- Apktool: <https://apktool.org/>
- Smali Project: <https://github.com/JesusFreke/smali>
- Some Similar Projects and Papers
 - Cydia Substrate: <https://www.cydiasubstrate.com/>
 - DDI: <https://github.com/crmulliner/ddi>
 - ViaLin: <https://resess.github.io/artifacts/ViaLin/>
 - SiF: <https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/2462456.2465430>
 - Dr. Android and Mr. Hide: <https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/2381934.2381938>

Future Work

- Improving Compatibility w/Apps
 - Upstream contributions to apktool
- Writing New Plugins
 - Removing ADs
 - Identifying Security Vulnerabilities
 - Automatic bug fixing
- Using A.I. to generate smali code / smali modifications
- Improving the UI/UX and general usability

